

## MASCULINITY AND EMOTIONAL WELLBEING

# Learning Objectives and Curriculum Links: Northern Ireland (Key Stages 3 & 4)

This guide provides learning objectives and curriculum links for teachers using the toolkit in Northern Ireland. It should be used in association with Activity Guide 2: Dear Agony Aunt ..., which provides background information and prompts for further discussion around the *Bodies, Hearts and Minds* toolkit activity 'Dear Agony Aunt'.

Separate guides with learning objectives and curriculum links are available for teachers of topics related to personal, social, health, and wellbeing education in England (2.1), Wales (2.2), and Scotland (2.3) on the <u>Body, Self, and Family website</u>.

#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

- ♣ To be able to explain some of the ways that attitudes to gender roles have changed over time (lower ability)
- ♣ To understand some of the reasons for changes in attitudes to gender roles over time (higher ability)
- ♣ To be able to identify stereotypes relating to gender roles (lower ability)
- ♣ To assess the effects of stereotypes relating to gender roles on people's behaviour (higher ability)

- ♣ To understand some of the reasons why it can be difficult to talk about emotions (lower ability)
- ♣ To formulate strategies to help have productive conversations about emotions (higher ability)

#### HOW DOES THIS ACTIVITY LINK TO THE CURRICULUM?

#### Learning for Life and Work: Personal Development (Northern Ireland)

#### Key Stage 3 (age 11-14)

Pupils should have opportunities to explore the topics and develop the skills listed under each key concept heading.

Self-awareness	Personal Health	Relationships
Explore and express a sense of self, for	Explore the concept of Health as the	Explore the qualities of relationships
example, temperament, feelings and	development of a whole person, for	including friendship, for example,
emotions, personal responsibility, personal	example, defining what makes up a whole	conditions for healthy relationships, types
needs, aspirations etc	person, the need to develop physical,	of relationships, healthy boundaries,
	mental, social, moral, cognitive etc	gender issues in relationships, etc.
Explore personal morals, values and		Explore the qualities of a loving, respectful
beliefs, for example, the origin of personal		relationship, for example, how choices
values, developing a moral framework,		within a relationship affect both physical
personal integrity etc.		and emotional development, friendships
		etc.
Investigate the influences on a young		
person, for example, peer pressure, media,		

social and cultural trends, fears, anxieties and motivations etc.	
	Develop strategies to avoid and resolve conflict, for example, active listening, assertiveness, negotiation, mediation etc.

#### **Generic Learning Outcomes**

Activities in the Hearts, Bodies, and Minds toolkit contribute to the following learning outcomes that require the demonstration of skills and application of knowledge and understanding of Personal Development. Pupils should be able to:

- research and manage information effectively to investigate PD issues;
- show deeper understanding by thinking critically and flexibly, solving problems and making informed decisions;
- demonstrate creativity and initiative when developing ideas and following them through;
- work effectively with others;
- demonstrate self-management by working systemically, persisting with tasks, evaluating and improving own performance.

### Key Stage 4 (14-16/Qualifications)

#### CCEA GCSE Specification in Learning for Life and Work – Unit 2: Personal Development

Emotions and reactions to life experiences	Relationships and sexuality
Developing a positive concept of self	The positive factors that contribute to healthy and respectful relationships in families, peer groups and sexual relationships
Ways young people can manage emotions and reactions to life experiences	The effects of sexual orientation and gender identity on the wellbeing of a young person